

DECATUR HERALD.

The Herald is the "Bargain Column." newspaper of Decatur. These little "ads" so the business they are sent after. They always bring results.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR

DECATUR, ILL., FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1903.

NO. 284

THE EXCUSES ARE FLIMSY

PAYNE CRITICISES MACHEN

Says His Administration Was Bad But Decides to Say What Will Be Done With Him

HE WILL BE ASKED TO EXPLAIN

Washington, May 21—Congress will be asked at the next session to make an appropriation to cover the deficiency of \$105,000 in the regular free delivery service and \$120,000 in the rural free delivery service. The postmaster general today announced these figures, saying he very much regretted the existence of the deficit; and for the first time publicly criticised the administration of General Superintendent A. W. Machen, who is out on an indefinite leave of absence.

Postmaster General Payne tonight discussed the deficiency in the free delivery service said:

It is very reprehensible for the bureau to have a deficit of \$200,000 paid out on the 1st of May.

It was very bad administration for a bureau officer should not incur a deficit without consulting his superior officer, the postmaster general. I cannot stand for that kind of administration and I do not approve of it. An official must be held to a more strict accounting. I do not say there was anything criminal or anything wrong in Machen's action, but it was certainly a loose administration and he should have had his business more in hand.

I believe, however, that congress will quickly vote the money to cover the deficiency.

Payne said that Machen, general superintendent, would be given an opportunity to be heard on the subject.

Postmaster General Payne was asked a number of questions as to the effect of the discovery of the deficiency on the status of Machen, but he buried all questions. He said the matter would be looked into and a communication might be sent to Machen asking an explanation of the condition of the affairs.

The disturbances in Croatia are primarily due to the long standing race hatred between the Slavs and Magyars.

The present outbreak has two main sources. First, the general discontent of the peasantry arising from the extreme poverty prevailing everywhere and from the fact that in some parts of the country the peasants are on the verge of famine. Second, the indignation aroused by the alleged tyrannical rule of Count Khun Rederwary, the present ban of Croatia.

The present agitation covers the entire country, from Esseg in the east to the districts on the Adriatic coast, its immediate cause varying according to different localities. In the districts around Kitz, of Austrian origin, the peasants attacking the Hungarians, not on account of their nationality but because they are wealthy.

In the towns of the Agram district, generally the language question is the principal cause of the troubles.

In the coast districts the hatred of the public officials has caused the outbreak.

The deficiency aggregates \$227,000, which of \$105,000 is in the free delivery.

THE DAY IN OREGON.

President Roosevelt Puts in Day at Salem and Portland.

Salem, Ore., May 21.—The president was greeted by an immense throng and made a military escort was driven to the capitol where he delivered a half hour speech leaving immediately for Portland.

On his way to the depot the president noticed an invalid child lying upon a stretcher on the curbing. He stopped his carriage, alighted and kissed the little girl.

At Portland.

Portland, May 21.—President Roosevelt arrived at 3:15 this afternoon and spent the night here. One of the street decorations was a large flag, the first American flag hoisted on the walls of old Manila. When the president passed city have been remarkably happy ever since than in Jews have contributed to one funds have been sent primarily in the form of tickets and post cards. A careful estimate of unexpended privately by several of the leaders of the Jewish people in the and it is believed will amount

to responsibility is now assumed by all the people who count Cassini. As regards other remarks it is enough to say that the poorest people in the world have no money to lend. The babies do not lend.

Murderous criminals are not known.

WILL RUSH TO CHICAGO.

in That City Send Tickets and Money to Relatives in Russia.

May 21—To Chicago alone 600 persons from Kischeneff stricken towns in Bessarabia that numbers of tickets have been sent home by the friends of the Jews there. Although the public relief funds raised city have been remarkably happy ever since than in Jews have contributed to one funds have been sent primarily in the form of tickets and post cards. A careful estimate of unexpended privately by several of the leaders of the Jewish people in the and it is believed will amount

to responsibility is now assumed by all the people who count Cassini. As regards other remarks it is enough to say that the poorest people in the world have no money to lend. The babies do not lend.

Murderous criminals are not known.

ACCUSES THE GOVERNMENT

Expresses His Opinion on the Recent Massacres.

Pittsburgh, May 21—Count Tolstoi, writing his opinion of the massacres and says:

Kischeneff crime was the one of the preaching lies and which the government carries with such stubborn energy, experiments relation to the alibi proof of its rule of egotism, is at no altitude when it is a crushing movements regarding equality, which is of the Turkish government is the Armenian massacres and to the Armenians and it is to remain untouched.

WAS NOT IN DEMAND

And Kempster's Books Were Not Distributed for That Reason.

John, May 21—In the state of Walter Kempster, the right to the entire government editor copies of the report made on the condition of the Jews in the United States was destroyed through it was not substantiated.

of the government only 6000 copies were placed to the editor and representatives and they distributed through 10 of the reports still stand 10 of congressmen.

Gets Full Amount.

May 21—A jury in the Charles Broadway Rouseau case for one hundred thousand dollars a verdict for the full sum with interest. The boy son of Charles Broadway.

DAFFY DOWIEITE.

Creates a Sensation on Arrival in Cincinnati.

Chattanooga, May 21—Yelling like a疯子, Mr. H. Butler, aged 46, of Sabina, Ohio, alighted from a train and then charged at employees. He kicked but hurt no one. At Central station the man said he was an idiot and gone to Zion City to do his cure him. He claimed for hundreds of dollars.

FAVORS OKLAHOMA.

Hitchcock is Not in Favor of Consolidating Territories.

Washington, May 21—Secretary Hitchcock returned today from a tour of Indian territory and Oklahoma. He was very favorably impressed with the outlook there. He speaks highly of the class of people settling in both territories. He takes positive grounds against the consolidation of the two territories and their admission as one state. He says Oklahoma is entitled to immediate statehood.

EXTRAORDINARILY VALUABLE.

Miss Hill's Pearls Said by Experts to Be the Finest in the World.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Miss Clara Hill has made in the neighborhood of \$25,000 through an investment in pearls made by her father, James J. Hill, on their recent trip to Europe.

Mr. Hill purchased for \$25,000 a beautiful necklace of pearls for his daughter. Recently she discovered that the clasp had become loose.

Taking it to Tiffany, she was told by an expert that the necklace is said to be one of the finest in the world.

GETS \$2500 DAMAGES FOR FALL.

Woman Hurt While Riding Bicycle Sues the City.

Jacksonville, May 21—One of the most important cases on the circuit docket was decided when the jury in the case of Brady vs. the city of Jacksonville returned a verdict for the complainant.

The case was the result of a fall sustained about a year ago by Miss Olive Brady while the work of laying the pavement on South Hardin avenue was in progress. Miss Brady was riding a bicycle along the thoroughfare and fell over a wire which had been stretched across the street by city employees. Suit was instituted for \$5,000 damages. The jury, after a deliberation of only a few minutes returned a verdict for \$2,500. City Attorney Morrissey has asked for a new trial, and, in case it is refused, will take an appeal.

Biggest Lot of Immigrants.

New York, May 21—Steamer Pennsylvania which arrived today from New York from Genoa; Lauren Glaser—Pietro from New York—Ferdinand Bismarck from New York—Silent from Montreal—Glasgow—Ethiopia from New York—Kong Albert New York.

London, May 21—The Bank of England today reduced bank rate discount from four to three and a half per cent.

Reduces Discount.

London, May 21—The Bank of England reduced bank rate discount by arbitration.

Want Baer to Talk.

Washington, May 21—At the request of the interstate commerce commission Attorney General Knox has directed District Attorney Burnett of the Southern district of New York to ask the circuit court for an order to compel President Baer and other officials of the anthracite coal carrying roads to answer certain questions and produce certain documents which they refused at the hearing before the commission at New York.

OUTBREAKS IN CROATIA

ARE NOW GENERAL BUT ARE DUE TO A VARIETY OF LOCAL CAUSES.

SOLDIERS SABER RIOTERS

The Entire Country is in an Uproar and Many Troops are Called to Preserve Order.

Vienna, May 21—The revolt in Croatia is spreading to every part of the tribal kingdom and threatens to extend to Dalmatia.

The celebrations at Agram yesterday on the anniversary of the death of Josip Jelacic Von Buzim, former ban of Croatia, culminated in a fierce conflict with the police who attacked the crowds with sabers, wounding many persons and making 350 arrests, including several students and women.

The city of Agram is now completely under military rule. The principal streets are closed by cords of troops. Four regiments, fully equipped for war, have been ordered to proceed from Oslenburg to the Agram district.

As far as possible the delegates to exhibit more decorum and after a pathetic appeal by the former, something like order was restored.

It was discovered soon after the opening of the session that the younger element was determined to prevail in the matter of the election of a missionary bishop.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

That is explained by the fact that the campaign for commissionership which will vote upon the final adoption of the creed revision.

A notable feature is the unusually large number of young men among the commissioners.

Comparatively few of the older men who had heretofore shaped the policy of the church are in attendance.

DR. APPLEMAN

The famous specialist to visit our city personally and give you a chance for the sick to suffer. **FREE** Consultation and examination at his private parlors at

BRUNSWICK HOTEL,

Decatur, Illa.

Monday, June 15, 1903

8:00 A M to 4:30 P M

Returning every four weeks.



Dr. Appleman

Formerly of New York, now permanently located in Chicago, is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, the leading institution of its kind in America. He has made a study of the diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and chronic diseases. In the great Bellevue and Charity hospitals, New York City, and the results of this experience are many phenomenal cures all over the state. His treatments

Acute and Chronic Cataract
In our diseases, diseases of the eye, ear, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidney, urinary and bladder, nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or fits.

Hemorrhoids (piles), cured without knits. No pain and no defecation from work.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.
As syphilis, scrofula, stricture, gleet, etc., cured.

Diseases of women, such as leucorrhea, painful menstruation, displacement of womb, bleeding down palms, etc., relieved in a short time.

The doctor carries all his portable instruments and comes prepared to examine the most obscure medical and surgical cases.

He undertakes no incurable disease, but cures hundreds after others fail.

Correspondence solicited. Symptom Blanks on Application.

Address

J. S. APPLEMAN, M. D.

100 22nd st., Suite 22,

CHICAGO, ILL.

The standard bred Stallions

"Regalia" 1486

and

"Regalia, Jr." 30539

Will make the season of 1903 at the barn of Chris Brown, on South Water street, opposite court house. Regalia is known as the sire of speed, conformation and general excellence. His

get are not only fast as trotters and pacers, but are horses of the highest quality. Full particulars of his breeding and the records of his descendants given on application to the owner.

Regalia, Jr., was sired by Regalia, first dam by Mamont, etc. He is a worthy son of a great sire and is himself a proved good breeder.

Terms—\$25 for Regalia and \$15 for Regalia, Jr.

CHRIS BROWN, Owner.

Don't Buy

Cheap Whiskey.

Beware of cheap blended and

doctored products as they are

dangerous to health and totally unfit for family uses and for

medical purposes.

Buy Direct

From the manufacturer and the

next time you need whisky try

the old.

Pure Sour Mash Copper Distilled

DANTOWN

WHISKEY.

Sold only by the gallon for fam-

ily and medicinal use.

\$2.00 per Gallon.

V. D. ROSS,

139 WEST MAIN STREET,

DECATUR, ILL.

Manufacturer Distributor

Macon County Telephone Co.

No. 875.

DR. SILAS E. McCLELLAND

Eye, Ear, Nose and

Throat Specialist.

Office hours: 9 a. m. to noon 2 p. m.

to 5 p. m. Office, room 205 to 208 (sec-

ond floor) Milligan building, De-

catur, Ill.

Births.

Ward—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank

Ward at their home north of the city,

Sunday a daughter.

WITH FIREWORKS

Entertainment Proposed for the Peo-
ple Who Come to See the Pres-
ident June 4.

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP

Is the Rate Promised by the Railroads
Committee Meeting Last Night.

The general committee of arrangements for the president's visit, June 4, met at the Decatur club rooms Tuesday evening to further discuss arrangements for that day. It was reported that there is every assurance that many thousands of people will be in the city on that day and that special trains will be run into Decatur on practically all the roads the route being one fare for the round trip from all points. These trains will generally leave the city at 10:30 to 11 o'clock to return. The committee on promotion proposed that in order to entertain the people it would be necessary to have a display of fire works in the evening and perhaps some other attractions. This proposition was adopted by the committee and the fireworks and music in the evening will be a feature of the day.

It was reported the Illinois Grain Dealers' association will be in session in the city on that day and that it desired to have a place on the route the curvaceous of the presidential party will pass from which it could see the president. The postoffice employees will see him from the front of the postoffice and other bodies of people will see him from other points along the route. Every effort will be made to give the people who visit Decatur on that day the best possible entertainment and in every way show them that Decatur is one of the best places in central Illinois for people to see President Roosevelt and his party and have a good time and an all-around pleasant day.

NOT SURPRISED.

That Small Pox Has Become Virulent
in Some Places.

At Mattoon during the small pox epidemic which is now prevalent there nine deaths have occurred. The last being on Monday night. There are still a number of cases in that city.

One of the Mattoon papers is making a desperate effort to prove that there is not now and never was any small pox in that city and raves about the diphtheria, etc., that tell the truth. The other paper reports each new case and tells about the death the same as though they were due to some other cause.

One of the local physicians in commenting upon the situation at Mattoon said that "the disease has become virulent" at Mattoon is not surprising, although the rule is that as the epidemic progresses its virulence lessens. In this state during the last two or three years there has been not a little small pox. At first it was diagnosed as Cuban itch. What

that is do not know, I never saw any or it. At that time the state board of health predicted that unless more care was taken the disease would become virulent. You see when proper precautions are taken, as the epidemic progresses it becomes less severe. Of course if the conditions are reversed and no precautions are taken the effects are bound to become more severe. The average man refused to believe that there was an epidemic of small pox in this state.

The disease was in such a light form that he would not accept the statement of the physicians. He wanted to see a few deaths before he would believe it. I had several cases in my practice and I could not make

anyone believe that it was small pox until the state board of health came and confirmed the diagnosis the local physicians had made. Even then it was practically impossible to make them observe quarantining rules. The people generally were apparently unable to associate the small pox idea with anything except night burials, people dying by the score and all who could get out of town fleeing from the scourge. When the first of the small pox patients came out of quarantine without marks and reported that they had been sicker with a bad cold the disregard for quarantine was even greater. I tell you one of my patients came near dying. He had a case of the confluent kind and you never saw a man more deeply pitted.

In my neighborhood they believed that there had been at least one case of small pox. The fact is that at any time a virulent case may develop from one of these mild cases.

There is not in any case necessity for alarm even at Mattoon and from what I hear of the conditions there it looks to me as though the people had been careless and the disease has spread until some of the cases have proved fatal. Even in the mild type of the disease while there is no necessity for grave alarm, it is best always to be just as careful as though it were of a virulent type.

GREATLY ALARMED

By a Persistent Cough, but Permanent-
Cured by Chamberlain's

Cough Remedy.

Mr. H. P. Burbage, a student at law, in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for four or five years with a continuous cough which, he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in first stage of consumption." Mr. Burbage, having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised, concluded to try it. Now read what he says of it: "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the twenty-five cent size, was permanently cured." Sold by all druggists.

TOO MUCH OF A TRIAL.

where she could be properly looked after.

The inquisition was held before a jury of six men. A peculiar coincidence about the jury was that the first initial of each man's name was J. The jury was composed of the following: John T. Miller, John Sutter, J. G. Coakley, J. Campbell, J. W. Wiegand and John Henebury.

BREAKS VOW; HAS HAIR CUT.

Man Who Swore to Go Unshorn Until Ireland Was Free, Loses Locks.

Michael McGuire, the Irishman, who, when a mere boy, swore never to shear his hair or beard until Ireland should be free, appeared on the streets of Danville, few days ago with his hair and beard cut close to his head, and for the first time since his youth displayed his ears and the back of his neck to the public. McGuire refuses to give the reason for breaking the vow he kept so many years.

He is an inmate of the National Soldiers' home of that city and has been in a number of other homes. He has traveled extensively and is widely known because of the vow made so long ago, but which he has now broken.

Deeds Recorded.

Anne L. Turner to Samuel Wood lot 16 in block 1 in S. K. Thompson's addition to Decatur; \$2700.

Rosetta Donnell to Hiram H. Wise quit claim to lot 22 in block 3 in H. H. Wise's second sub-division to Decatur; \$1.

H. H. Wise to Rosetta Donnell the west 48 feet off the resurvey of lot 3 in H. H. Wise's sub-division in the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 15, township 16, range 2 east; \$1.

Olive Wormick to Peter Loeb a lot in block 4 of South addition to Decatur, located on West Wood street; \$4500.

V. M. McCandless to Flora E. Wood quit claim to lot 15 in block 13 in H. A. Wood's sub-division of blocks 13, 14 and 15 in Gulick's addition to Decatur; \$1.

William C. Johns to J. D. Johnson a lot in Forestmeyer's addition to Decatur; \$400.

Flora E. Wood to Amanda Totten lot 16 in block 15 in H. A. Wood's sub-division of blocks 13, 14 and 15 in Gulick's addition to Decatur; \$1600.

Anna W. Stoll to John A. Kohler lot 1 in block 3 in the village of Forsyth; \$400.

Laura R. McClelland to Lewis Sacha quit claim to lot 5 in block 7 of Allen, McReynolds and Company's addition to Decatur; \$1.

Ophra A. Nye to Luvicy J. Leeper lot 3 in block 2 of H. A. Wood's addition to Decatur; \$1200.

Louisa Martin to Lurana Rager lot 4 in block 20 of Carver's addition to Decatur; \$500.

COMMON LAW.

Gustav Freund vs. Owen Finnegan et al. case; rule to file cost bond ex-
tended to fourth Monday.

CHANCERY.

Deaf and Dumb Man May Be Released
To Save Trouble.

All kinds of means of escaping punishment by violators of the law are tried, but one man who is in jail has yet tried. His name is Smith and he is deaf and dumb. He was arrested on a charge of stealing a pair of shoes.

Assistant State's Attorney Hogan managed to learn enough sign language to converse a little with the man and with the sheriff's deputies had decided that a trial of deaf and dumb man will be too much of a task and they may decide to let the man go.

ELEVEN GRANDCHILDREN

Will Divide the Estate of Mrs. Sarah Henson.

Eleven grandchildren were the only heirs to the estate of the late Mrs. Sarah Henson. The will was admitted to probate in the county court Monday.

Estella J. Keating vs. F. M. Keating, divorce; proof of separation made and approved and rule on defendant to answer instanter and decree of divorce as prayed for.

Mary A. Linn et al vs. William T. Downing et al., chancery; by agreement default and reference set aside all rule to answer extended to third Monday.

The estate consists of a house and lot and several hundred dollars' worth of personal property. The will provides that the estate be divided equally between the following eleven grandchildren or their heirs in the case of the death of any one of them:

Lula M. Bagley vs. Charles E. Bagley, divorce; defendant defaulted and cause heard by court and decree of divorce as prayed in bill.

Hewitt Cook vs. Gertrude Cook, divorce, cause heard by court and decree of divorce.

F. B. Fiske and Company vs. Margaret R. Geppert et al., chancery; leave to file cross bill and rule to answer cross bill by third Monday.

Five Legged Pig.

In almost every neighborhood someone has died from an attack of colic or cholera morbus, often before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. A reliable remedy for these diseases should be kept at hand. The risk is too great for any one to take.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has undoubtedly saved more pain and suffering than any other medicine in use. It can always be depended upon. For sale by all druggists.

Too Great a Risk.

In almost every neighborhood someone has died from an attack of colic or cholera morbus, often before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. A reliable remedy for these diseases should be kept at hand. The risk is too great for any one to take.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has undoubtedly saved more pain and suffering than any other medicine in use. It can always be depended upon. For sale by all druggists.

Batchelder School Social.

Batchelder school, E. F. Colwell, teacher, closed Thursday, May 14, with a lawn social at night. Although little preparation was made owing to the short time, a large crowd assembled and a very pleasant time was had. Some \$12 were realized which will be spent for the good of the school.

A short program was given consisting of songs, "America," "Work Song" and "Good by School." Vacation recitations by Celia Watson, Adelaide Gilman, Milton Batchelder and Mildred Brown; "The Cooky Tree," "Batchelder; Old Homestead," "Leland Purr;" "When Papa Was a Young," "Otis Preston; "When Teacher Gets Cross," Lynn Nye; "An Awful Dream," Kathleen Brown; "Avalanche," Gladys Gilman; "Kitty at School," Avis Brown; instrumental solo, Gladys Gilman; "Voyage of Life," Mr. Kincaide; instrumental solo, Mrs. Arnold; short recitations and verses by Gertie Ruth and Russell Eaton, Zella Montgomery, Ralph Smiley, Elden Par, Johnny Shoemaker, Raymond Klich and others.

Niantic.

The graduates this year are: Anna L. Hall, Ethel Boone, Bertha Lockhart, Sadie Conaghan, Edward Ulrich, Robert Jacobsen, Ralph Durbin, Anna L. Hall is valedictorian. The exercises will take place in the Christian church, June 3.

Miss Lucy Williams will teach in Niantic next year.

REDMOND'S STATEMENT

RESPECT FOR THEIR SEX
THE WOMEN WHO STARTED THE RIOT.

MEN ROUGHLY HANDLED

Kickers Not Pleased With Prospects of Peace in Ireland and Scheme to Prevent It.

London, May 19.—John Redmond furnished the Associated Press with a signed statement concerning the disorderly proceedings in the meeting at Dublin last night, called in support of the Irish parliamentary fund. Redmond says:

"The disturbance would have been easily nipped at the outset, but the president naturally shrank from using force to remove Mrs. McBride and the other women who led the disorder. After a while these women left and the other disturbers were speedily removed. They were roughly and violently treated, which I regretted, but it was impossible to restrain the people."

"The disturbance was quickly over and unanimity and enthusiasm prevailed. A number of speeches were delivered, and resolutions in conformity with the object of the meeting were unanimously adopted, and large sums were subscribed to the Irish parliamentary fund. On emerging into the street Lord Mayor Harrington received an enthusiastic ovation. The disturbance was planned by the members of the irresponsible junta in Dublin, who are exasperated at the peaceful prospects for Ireland."

KNOWN AT SIOUX CITY.

Murderer of the Guthrie Jailer Has Bad Record.

Sioux City, Ia., May 19.—Charles Thom, alias William Montgomery, who was arrested at Guthrie, Okla., for killing a jailer there Thursday, is well known here. Thom disappeared from Sioux City in 1900 while he was bookkeeper for Ratliff, Watt & Company. It is charged he was short in his accounts and alleged that he was a forger.

STRIKE IS STILL PENDING.

Caremakers Waiting To Hear From the Head Officers

The comemakers' strike at the Mueller factory is still pending. The men who are on the strike have written to Martin Fox, the president of the iron molders union, of which they are members, asking for a letter which they can use showing that they went on the strike on his sanction.

The brass workers, or at least some of them, have written to the president of their organization for further instructions as to how they must act regarding the comemakers' strike.

The comemakers claim that the factory had on hand cores made by the union men to last for three or four days and that the work of the girls has not been yet put to a real test and they also still maintain the position that the other union men in other departments will not handle cores made by non-union people as soon as they receive from the higher union officers the proper sanction to refuse to handle the non-union cores.

The factory is still in operation and it appears that the settlement of the matter depends largely upon the actions of the other unions in the establishment.

A Farmer Straightened Out.

"A man living on a farm near here came in a short time ago completely doubled up with rheumatism. I handed him a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and told him to use it freely and if not satisfied after using it he need not pay a cent for it," says C. P. Rayader of Patterson Mills, N. Y. "A few days later he walked into the store as straight as a string and handed me a dollar saying, 'give me another bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I want it in the house all the time for it cured me.'" For sale by all druggists.

Early Planted.

The early planted corn is said to be making a good stand in spite of the dry weather. Ground that was thoroughly harrowed as soon as it was plowed, was in good condition for planting. Some of the farmers are said to have abandoned the idea of plowing until there is a rainfall. Others are still industriously pegging away at the cropland trying to break them up small enough to plant the corn.

DEATH RECORD

Died At Irving.

James M. Rowe died at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Lemay, near Irving, Montgomery county, on Tuesday, May 19. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. W. H. Grindell of Decatur and Mrs. T. H. Wingate of Chicago. He was about 55 years old and at one time about six years ago made his home in this city. The remains will be brought to Decatur for burial.

The exact hour of the arrival of the funeral party is not known, but the expectation is that they will arrive here at 2 p.m. via the Peoria division of the Illinois Central. The funeral party will go direct to Greenwood cemetery where there will be a brief committal service.

Are You Constipated?
It causes more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women. It can be prevented if Beecham's Pills are taken whenever nature calls for assistance. Comfort and happiness follow the use of

Beecham's Pills
Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c and 25c.

TONY WITTKOW

The Left Fielder of the Decatur Team Met His Death in the Sangamon Tuesday.

SMALL BOAT WAS CAPSIZED.

Pitcher Jacobsen and Dick Mueller Have a Close Call.

Tony Wittkow, left fielder of the Decatur baseball team, was drowned in the Sangamon river on Tuesday. The accident was due to the overturning of the boat in which he was seated. The body was recovered a few moments later but he could not be resuscitated.

In the boat with Wittkow at the time of the accident were Dick Mueller and Jacobsen, the pitcher of the ball team, and they were saved, Jacobsen by swimming ashore and Mueller by clinging to the overturned boat until help arrived.

Was Day Off.

There was no ball game Tuesday and the members of the team and some of their friends went to that place east of the city known as Cowford, for a day's outing. Manager McFarland was the only member of the team who was not present.

The picnickers borrowed a boat, a combination scow and skiff. It was flat bottomed and so narrow that it was cranky and no doubt to that quality is due the accident which occurred during the noon hour. When the news of the accident came to the city undertaker J. B. Bullard was instructed to go out and care for the body of the victim and the remains were removed to the undertaking parlors of Bullard on North Main street and there prepared for burial.

The wonder is that there were not three instead of one victim. It was known before the party ventured on the river that Wittkow could not swim. Dick Mueller remembered that fact when the boat overturned and he made an effort to save Wittkow. The latter struggled as only a drowning man can struggle, Mueller made desperate efforts to reach the overturned boat and at the same time retain his hold on Wittkow, but in the struggle he lost his hold on the drowning man. A part of this struggle had occurred when their heads were under water and when Wittkow finally slipped away from Mueller the latter realized that he would do well if he succeeded in getting out himself and then directed his efforts to getting hold of the overturned boat.

He did that, but he was so completely exhausted that he was slipping away from that place of safety when other members of the picnic party, after a run of three hundred yards, reached the scene of the accident.

Weigand to Rescue.

Weigand kicked off his shoes and swam out until he got hold of one of the oars and with that he partly towed Mueller a few feet and then T. B. Cooper, the colored man who serves as keeper of the ball park, went to his assistance and between them they took Mueller ashore.

Cooper Recovers Body.

The spot where Wittkow was supposed to have disappeared was pointed out and Cooper by diving soon located the body and then with the assistance of Howard Hanthorn and Weigand took the body to shore. All

of the men who were in the rescuing party were so winded by their long run from the picnic grounds that they were scarcely in condition to make the best showing in an effort which required all of their strength.

As soon as the body was removed

from the river work to resuscitate Wittkow was commanded and everything at their command was used.

A tub was secured and he was rolled on that and efforts were made to force the water from his lungs but it was useless.

The body had been in the water

about five minutes.

Jacobsen Tells the Story.

To a reporter Jacobsen told this story:

"All of the fellows on the team except Manager McFarland, with several of our friends, went out of town for a picnic. I believe they call the place Cowford. All of the crowd were in the woods between the wagon bridge and the railroad bridge when Mueller, Wittkow and I got into a boat to take a ride. This boat was a flat-bottomed thing and so narrow that it was only by squeezing that two of us could sit side by side. Wittkow and I tried that while we were rowing. It was uncomfortable and Wittkow said that he wanted to learn to row and I got out of that seat and went to the bow of the boat. Mueller was in the stern. While it was a flat-bottomed thing, the ends tapered a little and the bow and the stern were both narrower than the center. We went down stream perhaps three hundred yards, probably one hundred yards below the wagon bridge when the boat suddenly upset. What caused it I don't know. You know how it feels to go around a corner very fast while in a buggy? Well, all of a sudden I felt that way as the boat swung around and the next instant I was in the water. I don't know if the whirling motion of the boat frightened us and caused us to shift all of the weight to one side or what it was, but just after the boat whirled we went into the water. It was so sudden and so unexpected that I couldn't tell what caused it."

Reached Shore Exhausted.

"I don't know how deep the water was at that place. I know that I went under and did not touch bottom. When I came up there was nothing in front of me. The boat and Wittkow and Mueller were behind me and I didn't see them after we upset. I am a poor swimmer and I was so rattled that I thought of nothing but getting to shore. I thought that I would never get there and really if I had been required to swim five feet more I could not have made it. I had on a suit of winter underwear, my shoes and stockings, trousers and a heavy jersey sweater. It was the first time that I ever tried to swim in my clothes and I was so weighted

down that before I reached shore my feet were hanging straight down. I could not hold them out behind me and kick as a man usually does when swimming. I touched bottom when I was in water almost shoulder deep and I was completely exhausted. I can not swim much and if I was undressed and ready for a trial, crossing that river would be as much as I would undertake. There were some gypsies horse traders on the bank just where the boat upset. They yelled for help, but made no effort to help us. I was so rattled by the upsetting of the boat that I could not think of anything. When I came up and both of the other men were behind me I had no thought of trying to help them. The only thing that occurred to me was that I must swim out. I am not enough of a swimmer to have been of any assistance to Mueller or Wittkow if I had thought about it. Wittkow was one of my best friends. He and I played together last year in the Wisconsin state league. He was always my friend and during all of the time that we were together he never said an unpleasant word to me."

Details Brought Out.

The details of the accident were brought out at the inquest which was held by Coroner Dawson at his office on North Main street at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

All of the members of the baseball team were present at the inquest anxious to learn all that they could about the untimely death of their comrade. The players were shocked and grieved at the accident. Wittkow had played with the team the day before and seemed to be a favorite among them and all of the members of the picnic party were unable to express their feelings. The sudden death was particularly sad on account of its having happened on a day when the party had left the city for a few hours' recreation.

The ball players were having a quiet pleasant day in the woods and were enjoying the outing immensely when the accident occurred.

Mueller's Account.

Dick Mueller, who was in the boat and came near losing his life, was the first witness to testify. He said that the party had arrived at the picnic grounds about 10 o'clock and had put up a canvas and prepared and served dinner. In the meantime several of the party got the boat which had been used for the occasion. A number of the party had used the boat but when the accident occurred it was occupied by only three. Mueller was seated in the stern and Wittkow was rowing. Mueller testified that all three had been sitting quietly in the boat and the only moving that was done was when Jacobsen who had been rowing, gave place to Wittkow who took the oars and rowed for some time.

Mueller was unable to tell just how the accident happened. He said that some one suggested that the boat be turned so that it would rock with the waves which were heavy at that time. Just at that moment the boat overturned. Mueller said he tried to hold to Wittkow and got him up to the boat and told him to hold on, but Wittkow was by that time much overcome by the water he had swallowed and struggled. The weight of the two men, both of whom were large, carried the boat under water and it was then that Mueller lost hold of Wittkow.

Other Witnesses.

Thomas Cooper, Howard Hanthorn and William Weigand, all of whom went into the water to try to save the men, testified. They said Mueller after being assisted to land wanted again to go back and get Wittkow who was under water, but they did not permit him to enter the water as he was almost totally exhausted.

Cooper testified about how he assisted Mueller and raised the body of Wittkow to the surface of the water, but he had lost his wind on account of running and Hanthorn and Weigand assisted him and brought the body to shore.

The Jury Returns.

The jury returned a verdict that Wittkow came to his death from accidental drowning, due to the accidental drowning of the boat.

All of the witnesses testified that

Wittkow was perfectly sober and had not been drinking at the camp and could not have been drinking before he went with the party as he left for the country immediately after arising in the morning. He was a man of temperate habits.

The evidence showed that there was no one to blame for the drowning and that it was simply an unfortunate accident. Wittkow was a heavy man and not being able to swim he was helpless in the water.

Warrensburg.

Rev. Moore, a Baptist minister of Latham preached at the Church of God Sunday night. He contemplates moving to Warrensburg in the near future.

The Social Life.

The social life of Warrensburg is to be held Saturday evening at the Hotel Warrensburg.

The National Encampment.

Of the G. A. R. At San Francisco Promised to be Greatest in History of the Order.

GORGEOUS ELECTRICAL DISPLAY.

The thirty-seventh national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which is to be held in San Francisco during the week commencing Aug. 17, 1903, is destined to become one of the most notable gatherings—in point of numbers, magnificence and splendor—in the history of California, as well as in the annals of the fraternity. The people of San Francisco and of all California, fully appreciating the fact that these veterans may never again gather in an encampment on the shores of the Pacific, will exert every effort to make this encampment the most memorable one in the history of the G. A. R. No other organization holds the affection of the people as does the one composed of the veterans, the defenders of the Union, of liberty and right. The veterans residing in California and Nevada arranged the preliminaries of the encampment, but all the people of California and of the Pacific coast are enthusiastic on that topic now, and working hand in hand with the committees to make this encampment eclipse all former fraternal gatherings.

From the governor of the state to the humblest citizen, every one is imbued with the idea that San Francisco and California must give the veterans the most rousing welcome they have ever had.

Merchants, manufacturers, farmers and miners, all are eager to make the visit of the veterans a pleasant and memorable one. They are determined to show the visitors the famed beauties of this western wonderland, which must be seen to be appreciated. From every county and section of the state the choicest products will be brought to San Francisco, and be placed on exhibition, that the visitors may feast their eyes upon them. Carloads of fruit—the most delectable in the world—fruit-bearing trees, the giants of California forests, and other wonders.

BATTLE WITH MOUNTAIN LION.

Anson Seroff Comes Out Victorious.

In Hand to Hand Encounter.

Lander, Wyo., May 19.—All records

of hand to hand encounters with wild beasts have been smashed by Anson Seroff of Torrey creek canon, who bested a mountain lion a few days ago. Seroff was prospecting, when he ran across a lion's den. Determining to secure the kittens he dug his way into the den. At that instant the mother lion sprang upon him from the rear, and a struggle ensued.

The lion overestimated its first leap

and did not secure a good hold, and Seroff was enabled to twist about and face the animal. With one hand he grasped its lower jaw in such a manner that it could not use its teeth, and with the other he managed to cross the forefeet and hold them against his body so that the claws could not be brought into action. The lion and the man rolled over together, and Seroff worked his body in between the beast's hind legs. In this position the lion was able to do little with its claws.

Seroff buried his teeth in the lion's neck and tore frantically at the flesh until he severed the jugular vein. The animal struggled fiercely, but soon became so weak from the loss of blood that Seroff was enabled to spring out of range and watch it expire. He emerged from the encounter with a few painful gashes. The skin of the animal measured eight feet from tip to tip.

Street Car Combine.

Cleveland, O., May 19.—The final details in the proposed consolidation of the street car interests in this city were completed this afternoon. The new corporation is capitalized at \$25,000,000.

Are You Constipated?

It causes more than half the

sickness in the world, especially

of women. It can be prevented if Beecham's Pills are taken

whenever nature calls for assistance.

Comfort and happiness follow the use of

Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c and 25c.

Newspaper ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DECATUR HERALD.
222 E Main St., Decatur, Ill.
Published By
THE HERALD-DESPATCH CO.

The Herald-Despatch.
Established October 6, 1889.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY MAIL—In Advance.	\$5.00
Daily—Per Annum	5.00
Daily—Six Months	2.50
Semi-Weekly—Per Year	4.00
BY CARRIER.	
Daily—Per Week	10c
Daily—Per Month	40c
TELEPHONE NUMBERS.	
New—Business Office	29
New—Editorial Rooms	221
Old—Business Office	43
Old—Editorial Rooms (two rings)	43

Entered at the post office at Decatur, Ill., as second class matter, Address, communications to THE HERALD, Decatur, Ill.

REPUBLICAN JUDICIAL TICKET.

(Sixth District, Election, Monday, June 1.)

William C. Johns of Macon.
Solon Philbrick of Champaign.

W. G. Cochran of Moultrie.

The street signs will soon be up and people can then tell where they are "at."

The next legislature may remember the fate of their recklessness and extravagance and do a little trimming itself.

Chicago is gaining some of its old-time base ball prestige. Lately both the National and American League teams of that city stood in first place.

No one has ever believed that Chicago wanted to own and operate the street car lines. The power to do it, however, is not a bad club to hold over the traction companies in adjusting the franchise renewals.

McKinley was called and was the "advance agent of prosperity." Some one has dubbed Roosevelt as the "advance agent of posterity." Not inappropriate considering the president's strenuous views against race suicide.

Even Chinamen in Chicago have caught the strike fever. Willie Moy's laundry men walked out and left him, and put on all the frills of modern strikes. This is the first Chinese strike in history.

There may be some mistakes made by Gov. Yates with his vetoes but none occurs in the Herald at this time. He might have inserted his knife a little deeper and saved more needless expense but he did not. The people of Illinois can say to their chief executive, "Well done, good and faithful servant," etc.

The "Immortal J. N." has been in Decatur for the past day or two. It will be a fine opportunity for the democratic organ to have the pressure removed and have settled the question it recently raised about Senator Johns' picture.

Plans are being perfected by which the corner stone ceremonies of the Illinois Masonic Home at Sullivan June 24 will be of state-wide importance. The Masons from far and near will unite to celebrate this great event in the great brotherhood.

Old Missouri, the rock rooted democratic state, carries the banner for boulders. Their investigations are fruitful and there is some prospect of a number of distinguished men looking through the bars with striped apparel on. Give democratic Missouri credit too for completing some of its criminals. Other states should not throw stones themselves not being guiltless.

Republicans should not forget the judicial election on Monday, June 1. While there is no apparent opposition to Messrs. Johns, Cochran and Philbrick it is the part of safety to go and vote. Still hints are not so easily manipulated under the Australian ballot system as when men could get tickets in advance and make a rush on the polls at the last hour. Still they could be trained to scratch and make trouble. Every republican should therefore vote.

There is a feeling that the dedication at St. Louis did not improve the prospects for the exposition next year. The exorbitant prices charged for rooms and hotel accommodations show a hoggish disposition which will not induce people to go again. St. Louis people should bear in mind that fair treatment is essential to a successful fair.

Here comes a prospect to make careful people tremble. The Omaha World-Herald formerly edited by Col. Bryan and whose present editor is his closest political friend announces, in no ambiguous words, that if reorganizers gain control the Bryan wing of the populist-democratic party will support Roosevelt. It took a three column editorial to do the subject justice. Roosevelt does not need these votes, but of course, he will be powerless under the Australian system to

keep the Bryanites from voting for him if they meditate such mischief. These are sad days for the old democratic party.

Mrs. Lulu Hadley, the woman who refused to make the bed occupied by Booker T. Washington at Indianapolis and was discharged by the hotel, is receiving large sums of money from various portions of the south. Up to date the receipts aggregate \$2,500. This is a very good thing for Mrs. Hadley, but does not particularly impress the country with the southern idea of treating the black people.

The approval of the Mueller bill by Gov. Yates makes his post legislature record well nigh perfect. Whatever this bill contains, whatever its merits or demerits, the people of Chicago demanded it and as it did not effect the rest of the state they should have had it. The bill also provides for submission to the voters of Chicago before it goes into effect. Gov. Yates could scarcely do less than sign, no matter what he thought of the wisdom of the measure. By the free and intelligent use of the veto the governor has served the people of the state well.

Springfield is taking to herself glory because the president stays there four hours. She claims that this is the longest stay in Illinois. Not so. He is to be in Bloomington about twelve hours. He wanted a nice quiet town in which to spend the night. He reaches Bloomington in the early evening and leaves at 8 o'clock in the morning. Decatur will receive the nation's chief during the afternoon while things are doing. The reception here will be one of the notable portions of his long journey. The dedication of the James Millikin University is the chief feature of the occasion.

In the republican program for 1904 there is but one thing unsettled. That is the running mate for Roosevelt. The platform is not in doubt. Protection and opposition to trusts are the cardinal principles. The republican party has settled policies and gone forward and enacts them into laws as the demands come.

On the other hand the democratic party is at sea without chart or compass. The prophet is not yet born who can predict either platform or candidate. Without a policy, without a leader, torn and tormented by factional strife the party of Cleveland, Jackson and Bryan is looking into jaws of utter obliteration.

Why can't the telephone companies of Decatur install something—something modern in their equipment? In other cities not so large as this automatic instruments are common. Here it is necessary in calling "Central" to ring and ring and then ring. Removing the receiver in an up-to-date service is all that is necessary to call central. There are a few other particulars in which the Decatur telephone systems could be improved. Our people are a patient lot of humanity and bear the ills with which they are afflicted with meekness and resignation. Some months ago it was announced that a new building must be erected before the Bells could be improved. No building is in sight and little or no improvement is discernible.

A bill passed the legislature changing the indeterminate sentence law. It will largely reduce the work of the board of pardons but not their salaries. Strangely enough the pardon board opposes the measure. This is because its members find from experience that the present law is working well as a reformatory measure and at the same time, is driving the criminal classes from the state. It is feared that the new law will bring back to the state many criminals who have been driven out and gone elsewhere to ply their vocation. It is a novel sight to see members of a board urging the defeat of law which decreases their work, but that is the position of the board of pardons in this matter. As it is perhaps the first case on record that a public officer has objected to a law lessening his duties and labor mention is gladly made of it. The governor's veto of the bill saves the useful provisions of the indeterminate law.

The death from drowning of Mr. Wittkow, the baseball player, was peculiarly sad and pathetic. In the vigor of a stalwart manhood, an athlete of acknowledged strength and to fall from a boat and sink like a stone and die before he could be rescued shows how necessary it is for those who can not swim to keep away from deep water. Even the little skill of Jacobsen in swimming saved his life. Every boy should be taught to swim where he is free from danger. He should be given this much of a guard against such a calamity as befell Wittkow and almost overtook Jacobsen and Mueller. Decatur needs a swimming pool where young people can learn to swim. Perhaps the new Y. M. C. A. building will provide for this need.

A prejudice cannot be a principle.

The Bloomington Pantagraph thinks that there are two sides to the child labor problem. The question is generally presented to the popular mind in the way of a proposition to relieve children from the hard, exacting, wearing toll in mills and factories, where the cultivation of their intellects and morals is neglected and they are made machines of to earn profits for their employers and for their parents. The lives of such children are stunted and their future hopes blasted for present gain. To correct this infliction upon youth the child labor bill was presumably enacted and its approval by the governor is in accordance with the better sentiment of the people. But the idea of industrious habits among children is certainly not to be discouraged but rather promoted. The fact that they must live and maintain themselves eventually by thrift and economy and close application to business is just as humane and important a thing to teach them as it is to teach them that they must be protected from exacting toll to their hurt, when they ought to be in school. There is nothing in the bill to encourage idleness among children or abstention from the lighter duties which may reasonably be expected from them in conjunction with their moral and mental training. The law is designed to relieve youth of the harder task that belongs to manhood but not to disparage industrious habits and reasonable labor.

GETS A DEMOCRATIC COMPLIMENT.

No more loyal, thick and thin democratic newspaper is printed in Illinois than the Springfield Register. Notwithstanding it pays republican Governor Yates the following high compliment:

"It must be admitted that the pen with which Governor Yates has signed and vetoed bills passed at the recent session of the legislature did excellent work. There is much evidence that it sought to veto vicious measures and to sign measures which it was essential should become laws. In vetoing several measures hundreds of thousands of dollars have been saved to the state. There has been a tendency to check rampant extravagance. The vetoing of the "members' salary bill," the "judges' salary bill" and certain of the appropriation bills has met with general approval."

In the past ten days Governor Yates has considered and acted upon two hundred and thirty-five (235) bills passed by the legislature. He has listened to lengthy arguments on many of the most important measures and has tolled over many of them personally. All in all this has been a great labor, and great responsibility was involved. The State Register believes that the governor did his work well."

Charles T. Yerkes thinks public ownership of street car systems a failure. Yerkes made millions off the Philadelphia and Chicago properties. It is not strange that he should think any other way than a private snap a failure.

WANTED TO BE ON THE LIST

Young Lady With Personal Property Invited the Assessor to Call On Her.

IN A CLASS ALL BY HERSELF.

The only person in Decatur township who has gone out of the way to cause the assessor to accept a schedule of personal property is a young lady who has considerable property and who works for a living.

A few days ago Assessor Waggoner received a post letter from a young lady who said she had personal property that she wanted assessed, and asked that some one call upon her and take her schedule.

This was such an unusual incident that the assessor could hardly believe it. The case is generally that people dodge the assessor as much as possible and this particular young lady deserves the credit of being the only resident of Decatur township who insisted that she be assessed.

It was not supposed that the young lady had any great amount of property, but the assessor sent one of his deputies to her and it was learned that the young lady had \$3,000 out at interest and about \$150 in cash and a piano and was working in an office.

She will have about \$40 taxes to pay on her personal property.

Assessor Waggoner says that if everyone would be as obliging about declaring their property the making of the assessment would not be as hard a task as it is and that there would be more taxes to collect.

CURES WHEN DOCTORS FAIL.

Mrs. Frank Chiasson, Patterson, La., writes June 8th, 1901: "I had malaria fever in very bad form, was under treatment by doctors, but as soon as I stopped taking their medicine the fever would return. I used a sample bottle of Herbinie, found it helped me. Then bought two bottles, which completely cured me. I feel grateful to you for furnishing such a splendid medicine, and can honestly recommend it to those suffering from malaria, as it will surely cure them." Herbinie, 50c bottle at King's drug store, and Bell, the druggist.

Marriage Licenses.

Clarence L. Morris, Carbondale	24
Elmer Day, Clinton	20
Charles E. Hay, Springfield	28
Sarah Jane Roby, Decatur	27

REFORM SCHOOL

Will Be Stopping Place of Two Boys Who Stole Metal From a Building.

M'COOLE SAYS NOT GUILTY

Arraigned With the Other Prisoners In the Circuit Court.

Arley Fiske and Edgar Baney, two boys who were arrested and indicted for stealing metal from the Finn building were arraigned in the circuit court Wednesday morning and pleaded guilty to the charge of burglary and larceny.

The boys were sentenced to the reform school and will be taken to Pontiac by the sheriff.

Not Guilty.

The other prisoners in the county jail were also arraigned and among them was Edley H. McCoole. The charge of murder was opposite his name on the docket and when it was read his attorney, C. C. LeForge, entered the plea of not guilty. The trial was set for Monday, June 8.

The prisoners who pleaded not guilty were James Knights, charged with burglary and larceny in two indictments; Warren Maxwell, alias O. C. Johnson, charged with attempting to pass a forged check and also charged with forgery and attempting to pass a bank check.

In the several cases of Charles W. Boydston, who is charged with confidence game, the attorneys for the defense made a motion for a bill of particulars.

Docket Entries.

A number of chancery motions were made and one divorce was granted by Judge Cochran. The latter was the case of Daniel DeHart against his wife, Mary Ann DeHart. The complainant charged that his wife was cruel to him and that she beat him with a poker.

On account of Judge Hammer's death

court was in session only a short time in the morning and afternoon. The docket entries during the day were as follows:

Chancery.

Daniel DeHart vs. Mary Ann DeHart, divorce; cause heard by court and decree as prayed in the bill at the cost of complainant.

Anna M. Good et al vs. Rose May Kinder et al, partition; entry of appearance of twenty-six defendants mentioned in written entry.

Minnie P. Roarick vs. Henry Roarick et al, divorce and injunction; suit dismissed by complainant at his cost.

Ella Morgan vs. Frank Morgan, divorce; appearance of defendant entered in writing and rule to answer by tomorrow morning.

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES.

In the Killing of a Four-Year-Old Child in Coles County.

Coroner Kershaw was called from Charleston early Tuesday afternoon to Cooks Mills to hold an inquest upon the body of the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Lawhorn. The boy had met death in an accidental and horrible manner.

Lawhorn is employed on the farm of John Morris and lives in a cottage on the farm a half mile south and west from Cooks Mills. He was at work about 11 o'clock this morning, and his wife was employed in the garden, leaving two children, the boy of four, and an older brother of seven in the house.

The youngest child was lying on the floor, and the older was playing about the room, the last that the mother saw of them.

In the corner of the room was the father's shot gun with but one barrel loaded.

Mrs. Lawhorn heard the explosion of a gun and, running into the house, was horrified at the sight which presented itself.

The gun was lying on the floor, and the smoking muzzle was close to the youngest child's head. The child was writhing in the death agony with the upper part of its head shot away.

As she entered the older boy picked up the gun, laid it on the bed and said that he had accidentally knocked it down.

The heavy charge of shot had struck the little fellow in the eye and had lodged in the back of the head. Death was instant, save a few spasmodic struggles.

It is not thought by the people in that neighborhood that the older boy pointed the gun at his brother, and the belief seems to be that his story of accidentally knocking the weapon down is true.—Mattoon Journal.

For Those Who Live on Farms.

Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ill., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment; always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better maple. It is a dandy for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to accidental cuts and burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at King's drug store and Bell, the druggist.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Andrew Shoemaker.

Brief mention was made Wednesday morning of the death of Mrs. Andrew Shoemaker which occurred at 2:30 a.m. as a result of an attack of pneumonia. The funeral service will be held from the residence Friday morning at 10 o'clock and the burial will be in Greenwood Cemetery.

Mrs. Shoemaker was a native of Indiana, this she was born in 1838 and died in her home with her parents to her life in this city. Her maiden name was Sarah J. Myers and she was married to Mr. Shoemaker, in 1856, who survives her with the following children: Ernest Shoemaker, Mrs. H. J. Swartz of Clinton and Miss Molie Shoemaker of Decatur. She is also survived by one brother, J. E. Myers of Galveston, Texas, and one sister, Mrs. Annie Atchison of Decatur.

The deceased was an excellent Christian woman and a wide circle of friends mourn her death.

Warrensburg.

The infant child of S. T. Davis, who resides north of Bearadale, and works for Harry Baum, died last Sunday. The funeral was on Tuesday at the house and friends and neighbors accompanied the remains to Bearadale, whence they were taken to Mattoon for interment. The child was about twenty months old.

Marriage Licenses.

Clarence L. Morris, Carbondale

Elmer Day, Clinton

CLOSE OF A NOTABLE CAREER

Death of Judge W. L. Hammer Occurred Wednesday Morning at 3:30 o'clock at Age of 86

LONG YEARS OF SERVICE

As a Public Official, Having Served People for a Half Century

THE ACTION OF THE BAR

Half a century as a public official is full of a life of sixteen or sixty years a student of law which was brought to a by the death of Judge William Hammer who died at 3:30 a.m. Friday morning at his home on North street.

The death of Judge Hammer removes the last resident of Decatur who was widely known about the county. Probably no Decatur could remember any

such a life as that of the man who was a lawyer, a man of great character, and a good deal of tact.

He had been ill for some time

and it was thought that there was little hope for him.

Judge Hammer is survived by four

children, all of whom are dead. They are Mrs. J. L. Miller, Mrs. J. H. Clark of La Crosse, William A. Hammer and Hal C. Miller. The brothers and sisters living are Dr. L. W. Hammer, Elliott N. Alderson, W. Hammer, Ellsworth, Mrs. Mary Northcutt of

Waukesha, Mrs. Lucy Hammer, bath

and much else. He was buried until noon when the members of the 1880 resolutions. A memorial will be held Monday for noon at the offices of the county attorney's court house in the Milwaukee bank building.

Judge Hammer was born in 1813 and died at 77 years of age.

As Told By Himself

In a recent interview Judge Hammer gave a remarkably clear life and he has probably lived longer than any man in the country.

With him, he said, was born N. W. Smith, the first county attorney in the state, and was the son of the

first engineer committee to

the departmental

and cats.

Not to Fonda

gs and cats

of things to be

seen. Dogs and

wanted against

him was the de-

signation com-

mittee to

the county

ACTION OF THE BAR.

Members Will Attend Funeral In Body—Memorial Service Monday.

The death of Judge Hammer was

announced in the circuit court room

on October 11, 1883. I was

then 16 years old. I was

</div

TRICKEN DEAD

P. Wilson Expired Instantly Thursday Morning Just After Reaching His Store.

ATH DUE TO APPLEXY.

a Widely Known Young Business Man and Immensely Popular.

Idean Archie F. Wilson fell dead in his store about 7:40 a.m. on Thursday morning while standing behind the counter and talking to a passing man. He never regained consciousness and died a very few minutes after being stricken.

Mr. Wilson had been apparently in silent health and his death was so sudden that the report could scarcely be credited by his friends.

At 7:30 o'clock Mr. Wilson arrived at the Decatur Gun Company store which he was the proprietor. He was not in the place more than minutes before he died. The only sons in the store at the time were stenographer, Elmer Masters, and Charles A. Newton, a traveling man, who represents a powder firm of Chicago.

Mr. Newton was standing outside the store talking to Mr. Wilson, who was behind the counter. Suddenly Mr. Wilson said "Oh God!" and with those words fell to the floor behind the counter.

Mr. Newton and the clerk rushed to him. The latter had dropped down and his legs were doubled up under him. He was carried from behind the counter and laid on a hampon on the floor and physicians were summoned. Dr. J. S. C. Cussins was the first to arrive and later Dr. F. J. Brown, Dr. Barnes and Dr. A. F. Wilhelmy. The doctors did everything possible but it was very soon learned that Mr. Wilson was beyond being helped any way.

Uncle Arrives.

Attorney W. C. Outton, uncle of Mr. Wilson, heard of the misfortune as he is going to his office and at once went to the store. John Bennett, one of Mr. Wilson's closest friends stopped the store to see him and happened to arrive shortly after Mr. Wilson was taken. Other of Mr. Wilson's friends had been in the habit of stopping the store to see him arrived and learned of what had happened. When it was seen that Mr. Wilson was dead the store was closed and taken in charge by Mr. Bennett and Mr. Dawson was notified. The coroner removed the body to his undertaking parlors on North Main street and an inquest was held.

Later in the day several of Mr. Wilson's friends accompanied the body when it was taken to the home 810 West William street. The members of the family were at once notified of his death.

When the news spread about the city the friends of Mr. Wilson were scarcely able to believe the report. Mr. Wilson was a healthy looking man, more so than the ordinary man, and some of his friends said they would elect him as one to live to an old age.

Appoplexy.

Appoplexy was supposed to be the cause of death. Mr. Wilson always spoke well and on the morning of his death he seemed just the same as usual exhibiting a bright and cheerful disposition.

The news of the death was sad tidings to many persons in Decatur. Mr. Wilson although a young man, had conducted a successful business and was looked upon as being one of the most promising of the young business men of Decatur. Everyone who knew Mr. Wilson liked him. He was always pleasant and cheerful and on all occasions accommodating and obliging to his friends and business associates.

Mr. Wilson was a man of good habits and had always taken care of himself and for that reason his sudden death seemed even more impossible.

Popular Business Man.

Among the younger men and boys of the city Mr. Wilson was especially popular. Many of his customers were boys and they all liked Archie and he liked them. It is likely that the death of no other man in the city would be as deeply regretted by the boys and young men of the city as that of Archie Wilson.

He had a strong personality and kind and generous way about him which appealed to everyone with whom he came in contact. He had no enemies and his friends were many.

Archie Wilson was 33 years old May 25 last. He was born in Mt. Zion township and was the son of the late Mr. D. Wilson. Both the father and grandfather were old settlers of this county. Mr. Wilson lived on the farm until a young man and then came to Decatur. Among the first positions he held was a place with the Mueller Sun company. He stayed with that establishment for a good many years, acquiring an interest in the business. The store was sold by the Mueller company to another man from whom Mr. Wilson bought the establishment at the time of his death he was the sole owner.

On the night of July 4, 1901, Mr. Wilson's store caught fire from the fire which was in the place and was totally destroyed, but the place was rebuilt and the new store was one of the best equipped sporting goods houses in this part of the state.

Mr. Wilson had greatly increased the volume of business that the place was doing when he bought it.

Mr. Wilson's only venture in politics was when he ran for alderman from the second ward. He was twice elected, the last time without opposition and had served about half his last term.

In the city council Mr. Wilson was held in high respect as he was among the business men of the city. He was highly honorable and in the conduct of city affairs his opinions were always regarded as being good and decisive. He was looked upon as having unusually good judgment in matters.

Archie Wilson died about two

years ago, but his mother is still living in this city. Besides her, a wife and three children survive. Two are daughters, aged about 8 and 5 years, and the youngest is a baby boy only six weeks old. Mr. Wilson's wife was formerly Miss Mary Lois Judy and they were married Feb. 28, 1892.

Three brothers and three sisters also survive. They are Alva Wilson of the firm of Akers & Wilson, Oscar Wilson, son of the firm of Wilson & Riber, Daniel Wilson, who resides in Mt. Zion township, Mrs. Riber, of Blue Mound, Mrs. H. A. Traubert of Spokane, Wash., and Mrs. John T. Miller, of Decatur.

The inquest was held Thursday morning. Mr. Newton, the traveling man, Dr. Cussins and Elmer Masters testified. The jury returned a verdict finding that Mr. Wilson's death was due to apoplexy.

WIDELY KNOWN AND POPULAR

Had An Acquaintance Extending Throughout Central Illinois.

No death among the younger class of business men could have produced such a shock to the community as did that of Archie Wilson, as he was affectionately known by hundreds of persons.

Though young in years, clear headed business ability had won him a high place in the commercial circles of this city. Perhaps no business man was better known. As the proprietor of the Decatur Gun Company's store his acquaintance extended throughout Central Illinois and in the city he was known personally to nearly everyone.

His character was unsullied and in disposition he was as kind and gentle as a woman. Easy going and good natured he avoided doing anything that would offend or injure the feelings of another. For every one he had a pleasant smile and a pleasant word simply because it was his nature.

No man was ever more unaffected and it was this very naturalness of his gentle disposition that made him a general favorite.

Speaking of him last night an acquaintance said: "Everybody speaks well of Archie Wilson. If I was as certain that every one would speak of me in the same kindly terms of genuine regard at my death, I would be almost willing to die tonight."

A business competitor said: "No one ever had a better competitor than Archie Wilson. He was honorable and upright in his dealings with the people. You could depend absolutely on anything he said. If all competitors were like Mr. Wilson there would be no occasion for bickerings and jealousies. He was ever ready to do any one in the same like a favor."

NO ELECTION.

Mayor Shilling Says That He Does Not Think One Will Be Held.
It is not likely that there will be a special election to fill the vacancy caused in the board of aldermen by the untimely death of Mr. Wilson. Mayor Shilling stated last night that it was his understanding that one would not be necessary as Mr. Wilson had less than a year to serve.

The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock Saturday morning from the residence.

Life Insurance.

Archie Wilson leaves in addition to his business and other estate a life insurance of \$15,000. He carried a policy for that amount.

TRIFLE BARBAROUS.

Indianapolis Doctor Would Kill Incurable Insane.

Indianapolis May 21—Dr. W. B. Fletcher, the alienist of this city, to-night addressed a public letter to the Michigan legislators, in which he expressed himself as heartily in sympathy with the proposition now before the lawmakers of that state, in which it is contended that the hopelessly insane should be put to death by the state.

I am aware, said the letter, that this idea will meet with much opposition, but I am convinced that this is the best thing that can happen to the incurable. They drag out their days in misery and suffering, enjoying nothing and understanding nothing. I am not speaking now from a Christian standpoint of view, but from the standpoint of civilization, and the welfare of the state."

Train Leaves Large Lady.

A large, fat lady descended from the Continental Limited due here at 9:45 a.m. and proceeded to take an exercise gallop around the station. She had been traveling since yesterday at 3 p.m. and was tired of the cars. Her destination was St. Louis. It is still, as the train pulled out and left her to continue her stroll in a very irate frame of mind, as bag and baggage were on board. She tried to get even with the agent, but could not get much satisfaction from him—Danville Commercial.

GOOD MEETING AT SANGAMON.

Sunday School Convention There Best Held.

One of the most enthusiastic meetings which has been held during the Macon county Sunday school conventions was the one which was held at Sangamon Wednesday evening. There were about 100 persons present and all showed a decided interest in the meeting. Mr. F. Hagerman presided at the meeting and addresses were made by Rev. Keener on "The Ideal Sunday School," and by Edward Hitchcock on "The Young Men's Bible Class." Then there followed a general discussion.

Lee Boland spoke before the convention at Sangamon.

INTO BANKRUPTCY.

Monticello Hotel Keepers Are Forced To the Wall.

Bester & Son of Monticello through their attorney, James Hicks, of Monticello, Thursday filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States court at Springfield. The liabilities are \$1,000 and the assets are \$1,500. The firm conducted the Monticello hotel and the assets are the furniture and fixtures of the hotel. The liabilities are small amounts and are mostly due to grocery stores and others who furnished supplies to the hotel. The largest claim is \$125 and is due to the syndicate that owns the hotel building.

The failure is said to be largely due to the lack of sufficient capital to handle the business. The hotel Sackrige is now the only hotel in the city.

PRIEST'S SUDDEN DEATH.

Was Due To Heart Disease—Father Tepe Attends the Funeral.

Rev. Father A. Tepe left yesterday for Columbia, to attend the funeral of his old friend, Rev. Father Bernard Claus, whose death occurred Wednesday night. The deceased was formerly stationed at Morrisonville and he was in charge of that parish when Rev. Father Tepe was assigned to twenty-six years ago.

Father Claus was about 61 years old and had not been in robust health for some time. Wednesday night he and his assistant sat in the parish residence reading until about 11 o'clock and the younger man then went to his room in the second story. A short time after that he was aroused by the smoke which filled the house. When he started down the stairway he was driven back by the fire and smoke and he was compelled to get out another way. When he reached the front door after coming around the house from the rear it was closed, but not locked. The body of Father Claus was lying on the hall floor while the staircase was in a blaze. By the side of the fallen priest was the wreck of a coal oil lamp. The priest was dead.

It was known that Father Claus suffered with heart trouble and the supposition is that while on his way through the hall toward the front door which he intended to close for the night, he was struck with heart trouble and died. The funeral will occur this forenoon. Rev. Father Tepe expects to return home on one of the late trains tonight.

UNION MEMORIAL.

Will be Held at Y. M. C. A. Sunday Afternoon.

There will be a union memorial service at the Y. M. C. A. Sunday afternoon at 2:15. The boys have charge of the meeting and they have extended a cordial invitation to their friends and to the older members of the association to be present. Alexander McIntosh has been secured to make an address and he will speak of some patriotic subject.

The committee in charge of the boys' meetings with John Brinkley, Jr., as chairman are making an effort to break the attendance record of the meeting last year and the outlook seems very favorable.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.

Accused Arrested and Brought To Detention Thursday.

At Bloomington yesterday Deputy Sheriff Hendricks arrested Calvin Mangle who was indicted by the grand jury last January on a charge of malicious mischief.

It is charged against Mangle that on December last he went to the home of Father M. A. Dooling. The attendants were John Dillon, brother of the groom, and Miss Josie Clifford, a widow.

The children of M. Rodenberger are sick with scarlet fever.

Mrs. L. Reeves was a Monticello visitor Tuesday.

E. L. Reeves, M. D. expects to move to Monticello in a short time and act as physician for A. B. Tinder.

CLINTON.

Thos Dillon and Miss Maggie Shine were married at 7:30 Wednesday morning by Father M. A. Dooling. The attendants were John Dillon, brother of the groom, and Grace Barnett for primary teacher in our school.

Peter Lux of Longton visited his sister Mrs. H. B. Baumann Saturday.

The children of M. Rodenberger are sick with scarlet fever.

Mrs. L. Reeves was a Monticello visitor Tuesday.

E. L. Reeves, M. D. expects to move to Monticello in a short time and act as physician for A. B. Tinder.

RAILROAD NEWS

RA

Centenary of the Admission of Ohio to the Union

In Chillicothe, O., will be celebrated on May 20 and 21 the centenary of the admission of Ohio into the confederation of states. Not that either May 20 or 21 is really the centennial anniversary. There is even a slight difference of opinion as to what day should really be celebrated. For instance, it is contended by some persons that Ohio's state existence should be considered to date from Nov. 29, on which day occurred the adoption of the constitution. Others assert that Ohio's existence as a state began on Jan. 11, 1803, when the first state election was held, while still others say they form a marked majority—holding that the state cannot be said to have begun to exist until the first legislature met, and the state officers assumed their duties on March 1, 1803.

It was therefore originally intended that the celebration should be held on March 1 of this year, but when it was decided that that day was Sunday and a postponement became inevitable it was decided that it would be better to fix the time for a season when the weather would be likely to be propitious and would certainly not be so cold as to deter intending visitors from attending. Thus it was that May 20 and 21 were finally decided upon, and that the postponement was wise is attested by the thousands of acceptances received from persons in every portion of the country.

Naturally in such a celebration speech-making will largely predominate, though there will be other features designed to cater to the lighter moods of visitors. There will be a grand parade in which civic and military bodies will participate, this pageant being reviewed by the prominent men present; there will be visits to the interesting sites in the neighborhood, there will be banquets, public and private, and there will be an great a quantity of hospitality as it is possible to crowd into a city whose normal population does not exceed 10,000, but which during the forthcoming celebration is expected to be many times as great.

Among the prominent speakers may be mentioned Judge Rush R. Sloane of Sandusky, Hon. E. O. Randall of Columbus, United States Senator Joseph L. Foraker, Congressman Charles H. Grosvenor, Hon. David Mende Mussell of Chillicothe, Hon. James Kilbourne of Columbus, General T. M. Anderson, U. S. A.; General J. Warren Keifer, ex-speaker of the national house of representatives; Judge Moses H. Granger, Hon. L. O. Donbrake of Columbus, Hon. N. G. Thompson, president of the State University; Hon. Murat Haslewood, Hon. B. R. Cowen, Hon. S. S. Knobben of Sandusky, Bishop C. C. Mc-

Cabe, William H. Venable of Cincinnati, and Mrs. J. B. Hopley of Bucyrus.

Advantage has been taken of the fact that Ross county, in which Chillicothe is located, has long been noted as a center for historical and archaeological relics, and a fine collection of these from all over the state will be exhibited in Memorial hall. The pleasure in viewing these curios will be supple-



Edward Tiffin, First Governor of Ohio

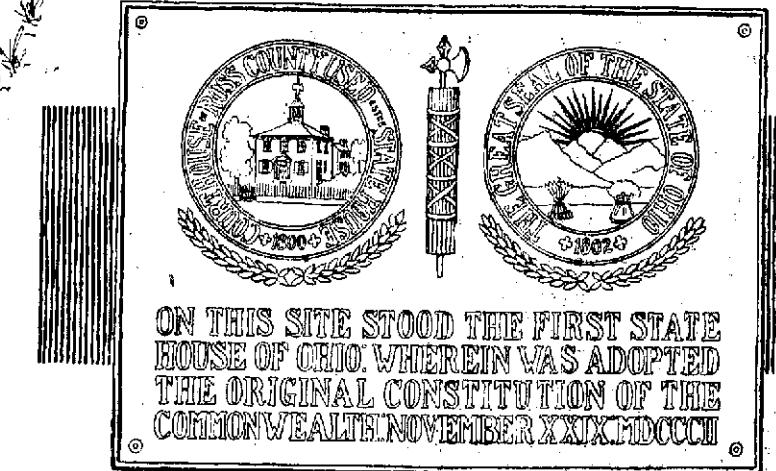
mented by a visit on the second day of the celebration to the mounds and other archaeological points of interest in the country.

Owing to the fact that no hall in Chillicothe is large enough to accommodate the thousands of persons who have already expressed their intention of being present, a temporary structure has been erected in the city park, which is easy of access from every portion of the city. This auditorium will seat nearly 6,000 persons, and its capacity is expected to be tested to the utmost. In this building the principal indoor exercises will be held, and there also an elaborate musical programme will be carried out by one of the best brass bands in the country.

While several other cities were mentioned when the matter of selecting a locality for the celebration of this centenary was under discussion, it was inevitable that the choice should fall upon Chillicothe. There is no other city in which the historic memories of the



Famous Old Elm Under Which Lord Dunmore Made the Treaty With Logan, Chief of the Mingo Indians



ON THIS SITE STOOD THE FIRST STATE HOUSE OF OHIO WHEREIN WAS ADOPTED THE ORIGINAL CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH NOVEMBER XXIX, 1802

Tablet Unveiled Nov. 29, 1902

early struggles of the new state so early action was not promising, the clearly cluster. When General Arthur St. Clair was made governor of the Northwest Territory, he set up his government in Chillicothe. It was in Chillicothe that the agitation for statehood was continued when the outlook for

Duncan McArthur later missed election as governor by a single vote, his successful opponent being his son-in-law, William Allen.

It was in Chillicothe, Nov. 29, 1802, that the state constitution was adopted, an instrument, by the way, which was so well drawn that it stood for many years without amendment, changes made in it being additions rather than modifications. It was also in Chillicothe that on March 1, 1803, the new state was ushered into being with Edward Tiffin as her first governor.

There are in Chillicothe many reminders of the old days, although the square, stone stately house has long since ceased to exist. Thomas Worthington's magnificent stone mansion, Adena,

built in 1806, is still standing, and near at hand in excellent preservation is Fruit Hill, the home of Duncan McArthur, the compatriot of Tiffin, Massie, and Worthington. Fruit Hill was also occupied by a governor, for it was later the home of William Allen, son-in-law of McArthur, who, as has been mentioned, beat the latter by a single vote in the gubernatorial contest. Besides these interesting reminders of the early history of Chillicothe—and Ohio—there is still standing the quaint old house occupied by General St. Clair while he was governor of the Northwest Territory. Here also is the great elm under which was made the famous treaty with Chief Logan of the Mingo tribe of Indians, Lord Dunmore acting for the whites. Four governors of the state of Ohio lie buried in the cemetery near Chillicothe.

It is therefore not surprising that when the state legislature last winter appointed a commission to arrange for the centenary celebration it should have selected Chillicothe. The state appropriation was but \$10,000, but this, of course, represents merely an atom in the total expenditure, most of which has been provided by the business men of Chillicothe.

For weeks preparations looking to the elaborate and appropriate decoration of the city have been going forward, and it is more than probable that the boast of the people that they will outdo previous efforts of any city of equal size will be made good. Courts of honor will dot the principal street. During the day these will be visions of color, while at night brilliant electric lights of many hues will add a touch of picturesqueness. The public buildings, which will be outlined with electric lights, together with the other public and private decorations, will greatly heighten the natural beauty of Chillicothe, which of itself is notable throughout the state.

Ordinarily it might be feared that a city as small as Chillicothe might "make a fist" of such an important celebration, but the people of that quiet, beautiful and wealthy little place are no novices at celebrations. The coming one will be the third important centennial function engineered by them. The first occurred in 1896, when was celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the city by Nathaniel Massie. Massie had been a surveyor, and that he was a good one is amply demonstrated by the fact that his original arrangement has not to this day been materially departed from. The second centennial celebration occurred Nov. 29, 1902. Just 100 years earlier in the little stone courthouse a small body of the prominent men of the time drew up the document which



Thayer was born in Chautauqua county, N. Y., and graduated from Hamilton college in 1862. After serving throughout the civil war he studied law and was admitted to the bar in St. Louis. He served a term on the bench in St. Louis, and in 1887 was appointed district judge by President Cleveland, in 1894 being made judge of the Eighth United States circuit, which enjoys the distinction of being the largest in the country.

QUEER SWEDISH CUSTOM.

At the old fashioned inns and restaurants in Sweden it is customary to charge less for women than for men on the theory that they do not eat so much. At some hotels in Sweden a man and wife are charged as one and a half persons if they occupy the same room. A husband and a wife may travel as one and a half persons by railway.

INTERESTING PERSONS, SCENES AND THINGS OF NOTE

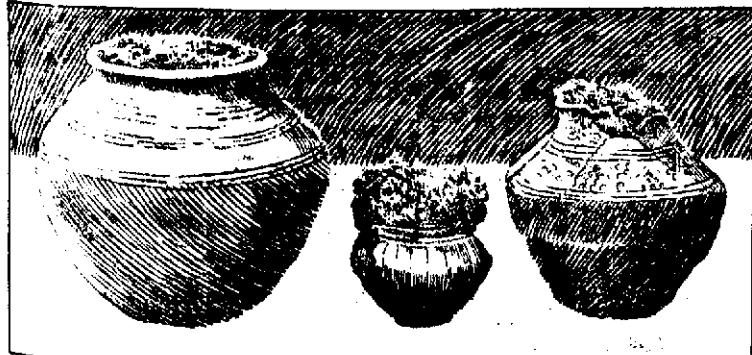
HEAD PANAMA CANAL MAN.



REAR ADMIRAL J. G. WALKER, RETIRED.

Rear Admiral J. G. Walker, retired, President Roosevelt's choice as the head of the new commission to construct the Panama canal, is peculiarly well equipped for his duties, for since his retirement from active service, about six years ago, the subject of canal building has occupied his attention to the exclusion of all else. Admiral Walker while in the navy was noted for his energy and his tenacity to do things as he saw them without regard to precedent. He was severely censured some years ago when on entering New York harbor in command of a squadron he failed to properly salute Admiral Gherardi, his senior, whose ship was at the time in port. Admiral Walker entered the navy in 1850 from New York.

RECENTLY UNEARTHED EXAMPLES OF SAXON POTTERY.



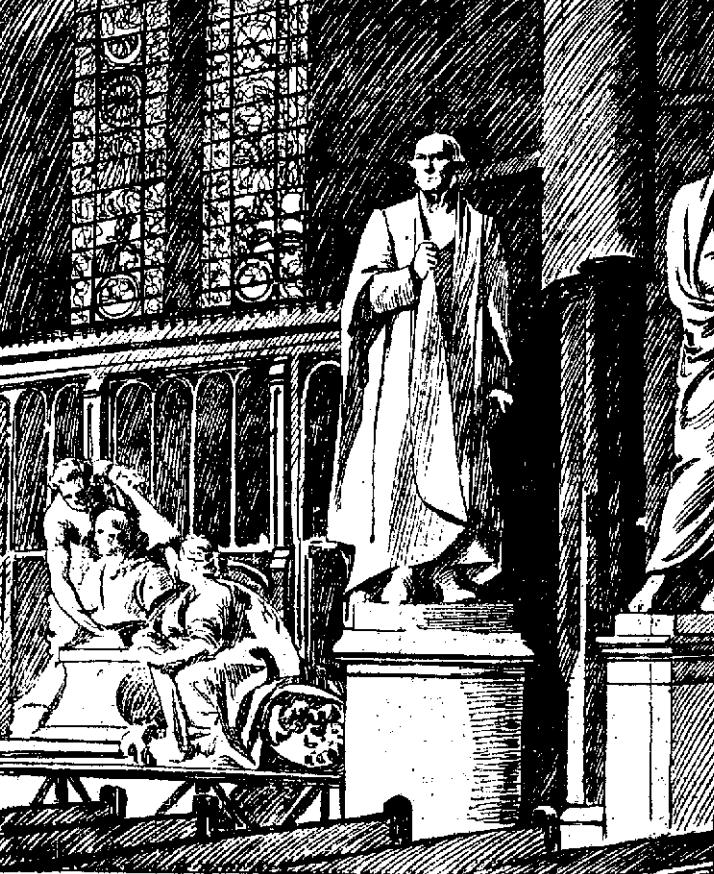
The pieces of Saxon pottery recently unearthed at Kettering, England, are said to be the best of the sort in existence. They show certain peculiarities which do not exist in equal perfection anywhere else in the world. This makes them of interest as well as value. One piece will probably be secured for the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York city, while the other pieces will doubtless find their way to the British museum in London.

NEW ARMY SHOE.
Military authorities have for centuries been wrestling with the problem of caring for the feet of their men during forced marches. At such times the



most comfortable shoe is apt to become almost unbearable to the soldier. It is to meet this need that the shoe here illustrated has been invented. It is claimed that the springs it contains take up so much of the jolt of walking that a soldier can march in comfort twice as far as he would be able to go with the ordinary footwear. It is being tested in the various armies of the world.

A REMARKABLE LIKENESS OF THE "GRAND OLD MAN."



What is declared to be the best "counterfeit presentment" of the late Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone ever made is the statue herewith reproduced, which was recently unveiled in the north transept of Westminster abbey. The statue is of the finest Carrara marble and shows the dead statesman as a D. C. L. of Oxford. The royal family of England always feared more than it admired Gladstone, but since his death it has come to a realization of the fact that he was a pretty safe man, after all, and the placing of the statue so promptly in the place reserved for the elect is a recognition that he possessed qualities which "will cause his fame to grow greater as the years go by."

A PRAYER SCENE IN A MOSQUE IN CONSTANTINOPLE.



The scene shown in the illustration is not, as might be supposed, a figment of fancy on the part of the artist, but a reproduction from a photograph surprisingly made by an enterprising American in the famous mosque of San Sofia, Constantinople. About an hour after sunset hundreds of barefooted Moslems assemble there for prayer, and while they raise their bodies or prostrate them in response to the call of the muezzin scores of children prance in and out among the long lines of worshippers. The strange part of it is that the grown-ups do not seem to object.

NEW INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE ARMY.

General George H. Burton, the new inspector general of the army, is a native of Delaware and a West Pointer. He graduated from the Military academy in 1866, and most of his active campaigning has been against the Mo-



GENERAL GEORGE H. BURTON.

He has seen less strenuous service in other portions of this country as well as in Cuba, and his recent experience as inspector general for the department of the east is expected to prove of great value in his broader field of usefulness.

CHINA'S ARMY.

The regular army of China is said to consist of 320,000 men. Besides this, the emperor's army, there is a national army of 650,000 men, who are paid about a dollar a month, but in consideration of this munificence are required to feed themselves. Cavalrymen receive \$3 a month, feed their own horses, and if the latter are lost or killed are required to replace them out of the pay given by the government.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN'S AMERICAN WIFE.



A woman who is just now very much in the public eye is the wife of Joseph Chamberlain, England's secretary of state for the colonies, the best loved and the best hated man in Great Britain. Mrs. Chamberlain, who is the statesman's third wife, was Miss Mary Crownfield Endicott, daughter of W. C. Endicott of Massachusetts, secretary of war during President Cleveland's first administration. While in South Africa with her husband recently she made many friends, and there are those who think that Mr. Chamberlain's success on his mission of conciliation was to a great extent ascribable to the tact of this erstwhile American girl. Mrs. Chamberlain is not a beautiful woman, and it was her charm of manner and her qualities of mind which won the love of the man who is generally regarded as England's coming premier. Their marriage occurred in 1888.

A TREASURE TROVE OF ROMAN COINS.



Antiquarians are just now very much interested in a recent find of Roman coins of about the year 300 A. D. The interest of Americans in this find is more than ordinarily great by reason of the fact that it is reported that a wealthy citizen is about to purchase a number of them for distribution among the various museums of the country. The coins were unearthed in Croydon, England, by some workmen who were digging in a trench, and, much to the disgust of the workmen, they are all of bronze.

SPORTS OF ALL SORTS

WILL TRY AGAIN TODAY.

Today it was the heavy rain that Decatur and Davenport apart. accidents by field and flood are causing Decatur and Davenport apart again. The drowning of Tony Williams Tuesday caused the first postponement and Thursday a down-pour again made the contest impossible. The noon shower would not have started but just prior to the time calling the game there was a tremendous rain which soaked the earth and plenty it was not so heavy as the park as it was in the city, but was nevertheless sufficient to prevent the game. Despite the discouraging outlook five faithful fans went and invested their quarters in hope that the clouds would lift the game be called.

We now have two postponed games in Hayes' team and there is only one date on which to play them. It is not until late in the season we will at least have to be one header in order to play them.

WHAT ABOUT THOSE HUSKIES?

Old Men Treated To A Shut Out At Bloomington.

Played Won Lost P.C.

Mar Rapids	17	10	7	.588
Dickford	19	11	8	.556
Bloomington	20	11	9	.557
Davenport	15	8	7	.588
Stet	19	10	9	.474
Clock Island	19	9	10	.474
Dubuque	16	3	13	.187

Three League Games Today.

Davenport at Decatur.

Rockford at Bloomington.

Dubuque at Joliet.

Cedar Rapids at Rock Island.

Bloomington, May 21.—The visitors are shut out in a close and exciting game.

Bloomington ... 200000000-2 7 3

Dickford ... 000000000-0 6 0

Batteries—Bishop and Donovan.

Hill and Stark.

Rock Island, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

Joliet, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

Decatur, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Washington, D. C., May 21—Postponed.

Baltimore, Md., May 21—Postponed.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

Boston, Mass., May 21—Postponed.

New York, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Albany, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Montgomery, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Scranton, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

Baltimore, Md., May 21—Postponed.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

Boston, Mass., May 21—Postponed.

New York, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Albany, N. Y., May 21—Postponed.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 21—Postponed.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Omaha, Neb., May 21—Postponed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21—Postponed.

Chicago, Ill., May 21—Postponed.

St. Paul, Minn., May 21—Postponed.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 21—Postponed.